Chapter 7 and 8 Vocabulary

**Interned**: means to be forced to stay.

![Charter of Rights and Freedoms Table]

**Entrench**: It is a great deal more difficult to change the Constitution than to change a statute or law. For this reason, it was decided to firmly establish or entrench our rights and freedoms by making them part of the Constitution Act.

**To appeal** means to ask a higher court to review a decision made by a lower court.

**To interpret** is to explain or make sense of something. The Supreme Court may be called on to interpret whether a Charter right or freedom applies in a certain situation.

**Allies** are people or groups who work together.

**Ambassadors** are people who are chosen by their nations, governments, or leaders to represent them at meetings with officials from other nations.

**Diplomacy** means the skilled management of discussion and agreement among groups.

**A plebiscite** is similar to a referendum in that people vote directly on a decision that affects them.
Being **accountable** means taking responsibility for your actions.

**Grassroots organizations** are made up of concerned individuals who work together on environmental, political, or social issues.

**Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)** are groups organized on a local, national, or international level. They work independently of government on such issues as the environment, health, or human rights.

Having **status** means that a person has certain collective rights because he or she is Métis or belongs to a First Nation.

When you are **charged** you are accused of committing a crime.

When organizations get together to work for a common cause, this is called a **coalition**.

A **stakeholder** is a person who has a share or an interest in an issue.